

# OSA COACHING MANUAL 2022-2023

"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"

A PLAYER-CENTERED APPROACH TO COACHING YOUTH SOCCER

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### OHIO SOCCER ASSOCIATION

OHIO SOCCER ASSOCIATION (OSA)
EMBODIES THE IDEA OF BRINGING
ORGANIZATIONS AND COMMUNITIES
TOGETHER ACROSS MULTIPLE
AFFILIATIONS INTO #ASTATEUNITED

OSA DESIRES TO DEMONSTRATE
GREATER FLEXIBILITY WITH ITS
MEMBERSHIP TO ALLOW THEM TO
ACCOMPLISH THEIR OWN
ORGANIZATIONAL GOALS AND
ENHANCE PLAYER, COACH, CLUB AND
LEAGUE DEVELOPMENT TO GROW THE
GAME.





MISSION:
TO SUPPORT, INSPIRE AND
GROW SOCCER BY UNLOCKING
THE POTENTIAL WITHIN EVERY
COMMUNITY.

VALUES:
INNOVATIVE
INTEGRITY
TEAMWORK
INCLUSIVE
TRUST



# **OHIO SOCCER ASSOCIATION - THE MISSION, IN BRIEF!**

TO IMPROVE PLAYER RETENTION AND DEVELOMENT, HOW CAN OSA HELP COACHES SUCCEED IN CREATING FUN LEARNING ENVIRONMENTS FOR THEIR PLAYERS?







"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"

SOCCER IS AN "INVASION" SPORT WHERE THE OBJECTIVE IS TO PLAY THROUGH OR AROUND OR OVER THE OPPONENT AND SCORE MORE GOALS IN THE TIME ALLOWED.







FOR THE TEAM IN POSSESSION, THE ATTACKING TEAM, PASSING AND DRIBBLING ARE THE PRIMARY SKILLS USED TO ADVANCE THE BALL FORWARD TO TRY TO SCORE GOALS.

DRIBBLING IS THE MOST IMPORTANT SKILL IN SOCCER.







FOR THE TEAM OUT OF POSSESSION,
THE DEFENDING TEAM, TACKLING
THE BALL AWAY FROM AN
OPPONENT OR FORCING AN
INACURATE PASS ARE THE PRIMARY
APPROACHES TO RECOVERING THE
BALL.







ALL INVASION SPORTS HAVE THE SAME FOUR CYCLICAL TACTICAL SITUATIONS.

#### **ATTACKING**

We have clear possession of the ball and should look to build-up and score a goal.





### TRANSITION TO ATTACKING

We just won the ball back and should look to quickly counter-attack.

### TRANSITION TO DEFENDING

We just lost the ball and should look to stop the opponent from counter-attacking.







### **DEFENDING**

The opponent has clear possession of the ball and we should look to win it back.





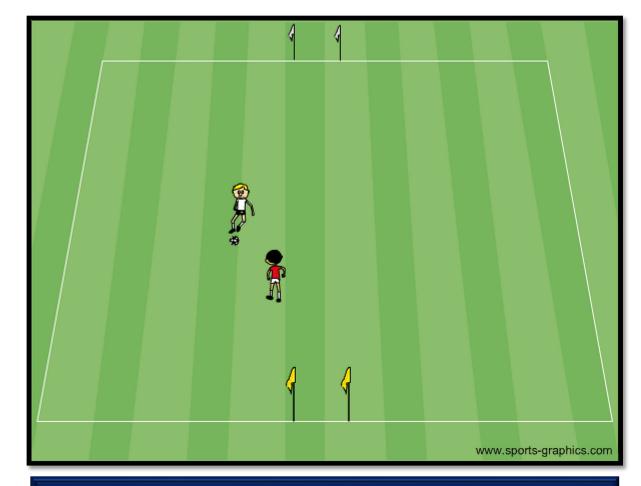
"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"

THERE ARE FOUR "BASIC" ELEMENTS TO PLAYING SOCCER...

- 1. DEVELOPING THE SKILLS REQUIRED TO CONTROL AND MANIPULATE THE BALL.
- 2. DEVELOPING THE TACTICAL AWARENESS REQUIRED TO APPRECIATE WHERE AND WHEN TO MOVE; AND WHAT TO DO AND WHEN TO DO IT.
- 3. DEVELOPING THE SOCCER FITNESS REQUIRED TO MOVE UP AND DOWN THE FIELD IN RESPONSE TO THE DEMANDS OF THE GAME.
- 4. HAVING THE FREEDOM TO EXPERIMENT AND LEARN FROM SUCCESSES AND FAILURES.

LEARNING ANY SPORT IS A SLOW, UNPREDICTABLE PROCESS AND, HISTORICALLY, IT IS THE YOUNG PLAYERS WHO HAVE LEARNED SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER WHO HAVE DEVELOPED THE PASSION AND SKILLS TO COMPETE WELL INTO ADULTHOOD.





PLAYING 1vs1 TO TWO SMALL GOALS PROVIDES PLAYERS WITH THE MOST REPETITION OF "BASIC" INDIVIDUAL SKILLS AND STANDARD TACTICAL SITUATIONS.

IT IS ALSO THE MOST TIRING FORM OF SOCCER, SO PLAYERS SHOULD BE ROTATED FREQUENTLY.

Field Size: ~20 yards x ~15 yards
Playing Time: ~60 seconds per game

Goals: 3 yards wide



"SKILL" IS THE APPLICATION OF TECHNIQUE TO A TACTICAL SITUATION.

THERE IS NO "CORRECT" TECHNIQUE IN SOCCER... ONLY GOOD SKILL!

A "GOOD" DRIBBLE KEEPS POSSESSION.

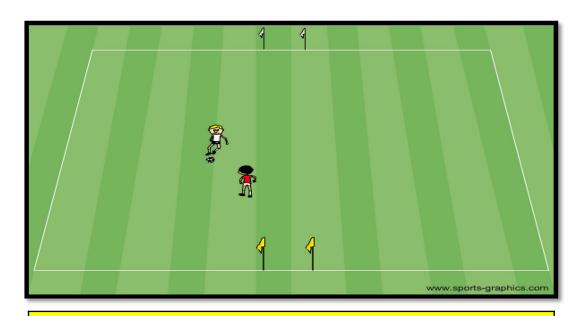
A "GOOD" PASS FINDS ITS' TARGET.

A "GOOD" SHOT SCORES A GOAL.

A "GOOD" TACKLE RECOVERS THE BALL.

A "GOOD" SAVE KEEPS THE BALL OUT

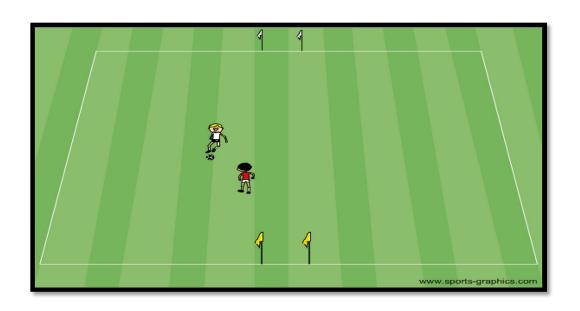
OF THE GOAL.



THE "BASIC" SKILLS OF A 1vs1 GAME
ATTACKING SKILLS
SHOOTING AT THE GOAL
DRIBBLING AWAY FROM THE OPPONENT TO KEEP
POSSESSION
DRIBBLING PAST THE OPPONENT TO GET CLOSER TO
THE GOAL
DRIBBLING INTO THE OPEN SPACE
DEFENDING SKILLS
PROTECTING THE GOAL
FUNNELING THE OPPONENT AWAY FROM THE GOAL
TACKLING TO REGAIN POSSESSION OF THE BALL FROM
THE OPPONENT
TACKLING TO CLEAR THE BALL AWAY FROM THE
OPPONENT

"TACTICS" ARE HOW PLAYERS PROCESS AND ATTEMPT TO SOLVE GAME SITUATIONS AGAINST A LIVE OPPONENT.

THE BEST WAY TO HELP INEXPERIENCED
PLAYERS PROCESS AND UNDERSTAND TACTICAL
SITUATIONS IS BY CREATING SMALLER VERSIONS
OF SOCCER THAT PROVIDE ENOUGH TIME AND
SPACE FOR THEM TO PASS, RECEIVE, DRIBBLE,
SHOOT AND DEFEND WITHOUT BEING
OVERWHELMED BY THE NUMBER OF
TEAMMATES AND OPPONENTS ON THE FIELD.



### THE "BASIC" TACTICS OF A 1vs1 GAME

### **ATTACKING TACTICS**

BUILDING-UP FROM THE DEFENSIVE HALF

BUILDING-UP IN THE ATTACKING HALF

CREATING CHANCES AND SCORING GOALS

TRANSITIONING TO DEFENDING

### **DEFENDING TACTICS**

DEFENDING IN THE ATTACKING HALF

DEFENDING IN THE DEFENDING HALF

DENYING CHANCES AND RECOVERING POSSESSION

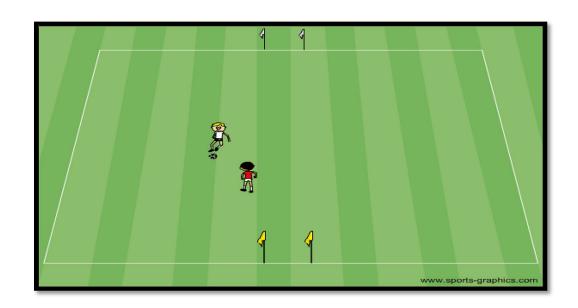
TRANSITIONING TO ATTACKING



SOCCER IS A STOP-START GAME OF ABRUPT CHANGES IN PACE AND RHYTHM.

"SOCCER FITNESS" INVOLVES COMPETING FOR POSSESSION, CHANGING SPEEDS AND DIRECTIONS, MANIPULATING THE BALL, AND MOVING WITH THE GAME IN RESPONSE TO EACH TACTICAL SITUATION.

THE MOST EFFICIENT AND EFFECTIVE WAY TO TRAIN SOCCER FITNESS IS TO SIMPLY PLAY SOCCER GAMES, WITH PLAYING TIMES PROPORTIONAL TO THE NUMBER OF PLAYERS.



### THE "BASICS" OF SOCCER FITNESS IN A 1vs1 GAME

GENERAL MOVEMENTS WITHIN THE GAME

AEROBIC FITNESS

SPECIFIC PLAYER ACTIONS WITHIN THE GAME

ANAEROBIC FITNESS

**AGILITY & BALANCE & COORDINATION** 

CHANGING DIRECTION

**SPEED & POWER** 

STOPPING AND STARTING

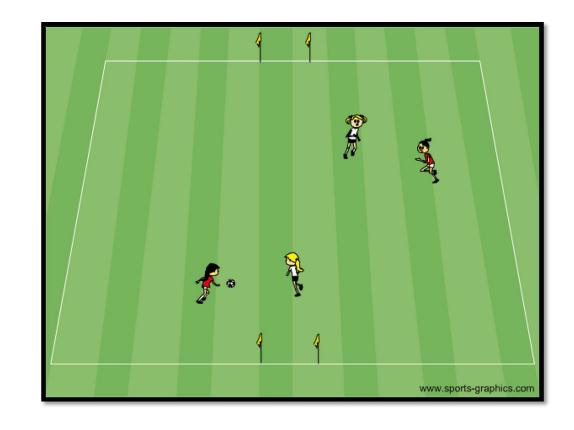
**STRENGTH** 

CHALLENGING FOR POSSESSION



ADDING A TEAMMATE PROVIDES THE OPPORTUNITY FOR PLAYERS TO LEARN TO COMBINE PASSES AND DRIBBLES IN ORDER TO KEEP POSSESSION AND SCORE GOALS.

COMBINATION PLAY BETWEEN TWO OR MORE PLAYERS IS THE FOUNDATION OF TEAM TACTICS.



### THE "BASICS" OF COMBINATION PLAY IN A 2vs2 GAME

PASS THE BALL TO THE TEAMMATE'S FEET

PASS THE BALL INTO THE SPACE AHEAD OR AROUND THE TEAMMATE

PASS THE BALL TO THE TEAMMATE AND MOVE INTO OPEN SPACE FOR A RETURN PASS.

RUN AHEAD OF THE TEAMMATE WITH THE BALL TO CREATE SPACE FOR A 1VS1 DRIBBLE.



FOR ALL GAME-FORMS BETWEEN 1vs1 AND 11vs11, AND FOR ALL PLAYERS BETWEEN YOUNG NOVICES AND EXPERIENCED PROFESSIONALS, THE "BASIC" ATTACKING AND DEFENDING SITUATIONS IN SOCCER ARE ALWAYS THE SAME.

THE TACTICS OF SOCCER
ATTACKING TACTICS
BUILDING-UP FROM THE DEFENSIVE HALF
BUILDING-UP IN THE ATTACKING HALF
CREATING CHANCES AND SCORING GOALS
TRANSITIONING TO DEFENDING
DEFENDING TACTICS
DEFENDING IN THE ATTACKING HALF
DEFENDING IN THE DEFENDING HALF
DENYING CHANCES AND RECOVERING POSSESSION
TRANSITIONING TO ATTACKING

HELPING PLAYERS EXPERIENCE AND LEARN TO UNDERSTAND THESE "BASIC" TACTICAL SITUATIONS IS THE GOAL OF COACHING GAMES AND TRAINING SESSIONS.





"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"

"COACH, CAN WE SCRIMMAGE?" IS THE DREADED QUESTION THAT SHOULD CHALLENGE EVERY YOUTH COACH TO REFLECT ON THE DISCONNECT BETWEEN THE PLAYERS' MOTIVATIONS FOR PARTICIPATING IN SPORT AND OUR PRACTICE ACTIVITIES.

PLAY IS THE MOST NATURAL FORM OF SPORT-LEARNING BECAUSE THERE IS CONTEXT TO EVERY PLAYER ACTION... WHEN WE HAVE THE BALL, THE OBJECTIVE IS TO TRY TO SCORE A GOAL. WHEN WE DON'T HAVE THE BALL, THE OBJECTIVE IS TO TRY TO WIN IT BACK IN ORDER TO SCORE A GOAL. WHAT DO WE HAVE TO DO TO WIN? ARE WE PLAYING FOR A SET TIME OR TO A PREDETERMINED NUMBER OF GOALS?

CONSIDER STREET SOCCER. CONSIDER SAND-LOT BASEBALL. CONSIDER STICKBALL.

CONSIDER BACKYARD FOOTBALL. KIDS ORGANIZE GAMES TO HAVE FUN... OFTEN WITH MODIFIED RULES TO ACCOMMODATE THE AGE OF THE PLAYERS OR THE NUMBER OF PLAYERS OR THE SHAPE AND SIZE OF THE SPACE AVAILABLE.

THERE IS NO ONE "CORRECT" WAY TO COACH. HOWEVER, YOUTH SPORT LOSES UPWARDS OF 70% OF ITS' PARTICIPANTS BY AGE 13.





THE PLAYERS CONSISTENTLY CITE POOR
TEAM DYNAMICS, POOR SPORTSMANSHIP,
NOT LEARNING, NOT HAVING FUN, AND
NEGATIVE COACHES WHO DON'T
UNDERDSTAND THEIR MOTIVATIONS FOR
PLAYING AS THE PRIMARY REASONS.



THE RECOMMENDED OHIO SOCCER ASSOCIATION STRUCTURE FOR YOUTH SOCCER PRACTICE IS THE U.S. SOCCER GRASSROOTS COACHING EDUCATION MODEL...

# "PLAY - PRACTICE - PLAY"

"P-P-P" IS A GAME-BASED APPROACH TO PLAYER DEVELOPMENT WITH TRAINING ACTIVITIES (PRACTICE) BOOKENDED BY TWO PERIODS OF PLAY (PLAY-1 AND PLAY-2).

FUNDAMENTALLY, P-P-P SEEKS TO EVOLVE YOUTH SOCCER AWAY FROM ITS'
CULTURAL RELIANCE ON CONTEXTUALLY DISCONNECTED DRILLS.



# 55 PLAY - 199

"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"

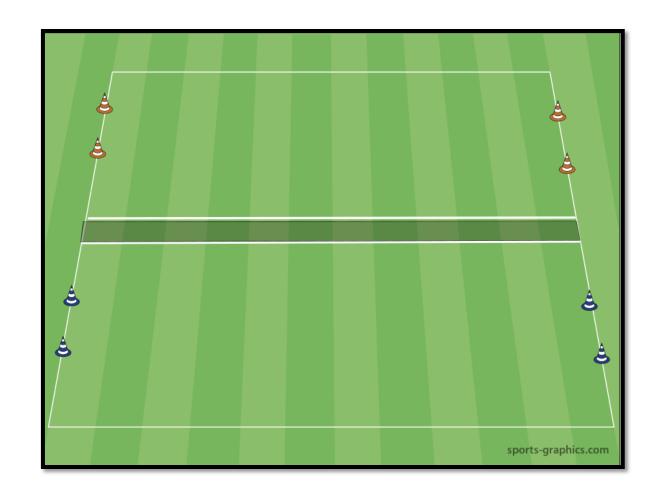




# **PRACTICE PLANNING: PLAY-1**

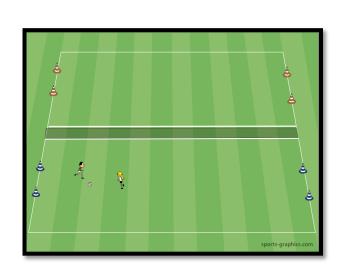
FOR PLAY-1, THE PLAYERS ARE
RANDOMLY ASSIGNED TO A FIELD AS
THEY ARRIVE AT PRACTICE. PLAY-1
REPLACES ANY FORMAL WARM-UP.

FOR SAFETY, INSERTING A BUFFER ZONE BETWEEN ALL FIELDS, IF POSSIBLE, IS RECOMMENDED TO MINIMIZE ANY CHANCE OF COLLISIONS.

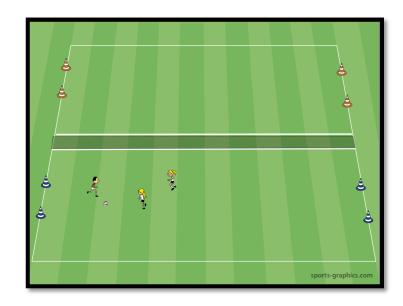


# **PRACTICE PLANNING: PLAY-1**

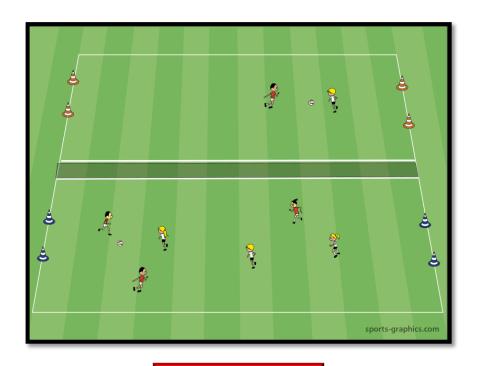
THE FIRST TWO PLAYERS TO ARRIVE CAN START THE GAMES, WITH ADDITIONAL PLAYERS ADDED TO FIELD #1 UNTIL IT IS TIME TO START PLAY ON FIELD #2.



FIELD #1: 1vs1



FIELD #1: 1vs2



FIELD #1: 3vs3 FIELD #2: 1vs1

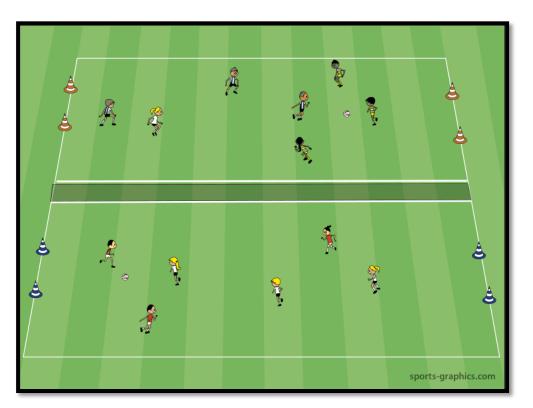


### **PRACTICE PLANNING: PLAY-1**

WHEN ALL OR MOST OF THE PLAYERS HAVE ARRIVED, THE TEAMS CAN BE RE-BALANCED FOR ABILITY, IF NEEDED, AND PLAY A SHORT ROUND-ROBIN COMPETITION TO GET THE PRACTICE OFF TO AN ENERGETIC AND FUN START.









TEAM B

TEAM A VS TEAM B
TEAM C VS TEAM D

TEAM A VS TEAM D
TEAM B VS TEAM C

TEAM A VS TEAM C
TEAM B VS TEAM D

### **GAME TIMES**

2 MINS @ 2V2 3 MINS @ 3V3

4 MINS @ 4V4

**GOALS**3 YARDS WIDE



# "PRACTICE"

"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"





AT ITS' CORE, SOCCER IS A GAME ABOUT CREATING AND USING SPACE.

ON AN INDIVIDUAL LEVEL, PLAYERS FIRST HAVE TO LEARN TO PROTECT THE BALL FROM THEIR IMMEDIATE OPPONENT.

THIS SKILL RELATES TO HOW TO THE BALL IS
RECEIVED UNDER PRESSURE, AND OFTEN
REQUIRES THE PLAYER IN POSSESSION TO
DRIBBLE THE BALL SIDEWAYS OR BACKWARDS
TOWARDS THEIR OWN GOAL.



THE NEXT CHALLENGE IS FOR PLAYERS TO LEARN TO MOVE AWAY FROM THE BALL AND INTO OPEN SPACES TO HELP THEIR TEAMMATES KEEP POSSESSION. THIS PLAYER ACTION IS TYPICALLY CALLED "SUPPORT" OR "SUPPORTING". LEARNING TO SUPPORT REQUIRES TRAINING ACTIVITIES WITH AT LEAST ONE TEAMMATE.





THE FINAL DEVELOPMENTAL LAYER RELATES TO HELPING PLAYERS UNDERSTAND HOW TO CREATE SPACE AWAY FROM THE BALL TO ENCOURAGE PASSING AND BALL CIRCULATION.

THIS IS THE BEGINNING OF POSITIONAL LEARNING AND THE FOUNDATION OF TEAM PLAY.

IMPORTANTLY, ONE KEY OBJECTIVE OF DEVELOPING POSITIONAL UNDERSTANDING IS TO CREATE 1vs0, 1vs1, 2vs1 AND 2vs2 SITUATIONS AS THE BALL CIRCULATES TO DIFFERENT GROUPS OF PLAYERS IN DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE FIELD.



THE FOLLOWING "PRACTICE" ACTIVITIES PROVIDE EXAMPLES OF HOW COACHES CAN FACILITATE THE DEVELOPMENT OF INDIVIDUAL, GROUP, AND TEAM PLAY IN YOUNG OR INEXPERIENCED PLAYERS.

FOR INEXPERIENCED COACHES, NO SOCCER
KNOWLEDGE IS REQUIRED... SIMPLY ADDING THE
ELEMENT OF COMPETITION WILL PROVIDE LOTS OF
MEANINGFUL REPETITION... AND FUN!

FOR THOSE COACHES WITH SOCCER BACKGROUNDS, HELPING PLAYERS RECOGNIZE TACTICAL SITUATIONS WILL HELP ACCELERATE PLAYER-LEARNING.







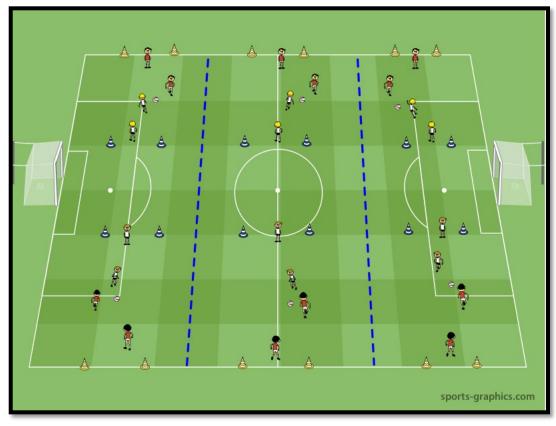
### **ORGANIZING 1vs1 PRACTICES FOR A TEAM**

Field Sizes: ~20 yards x ~15 yards Playing Time: ~60 seconds per round

Goals: 3 yards wide







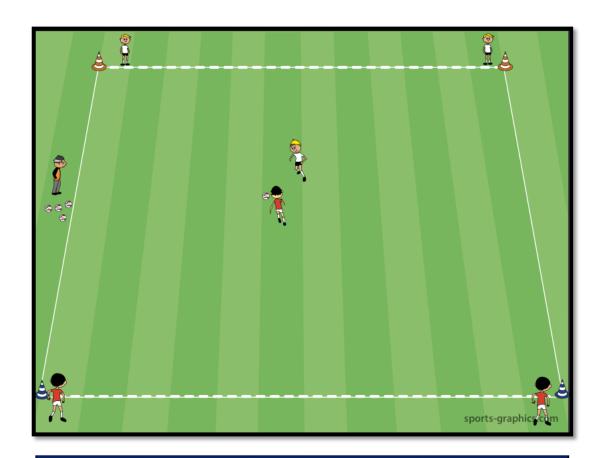
### ROTATING PLAYERS BETWEEN THE GOAL AND THE FIELD CREATES 2vs2 GAMES WITH A PERIOD OF ACTIVE REST

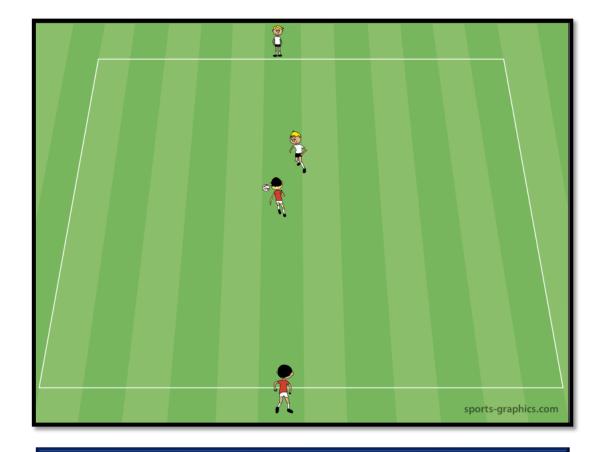
Field Sizes: ~20 yards x ~15 yards

Playing Time: ~60 seconds per round

Goals: ~4 yards







1vs1 TO A TARGET WITH A SUPPORT PLAYER

Field Size: ~20 yards x ~16 yards

Playing Time: 45-60 seconds per round

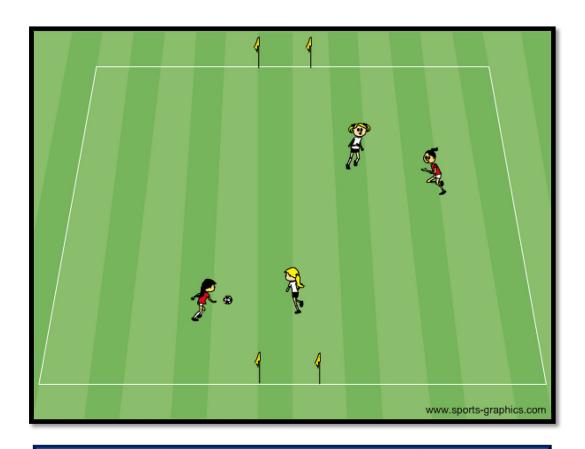
Goals: Pass to the opposing team's support player

### 1vs1 DRIBBLE ACROSS THE SHORT LINE

Field Size: ~16 yards x ~12yards Playing Time: ~20 seconds per round

# Goal lines: ~ 12 yards wide

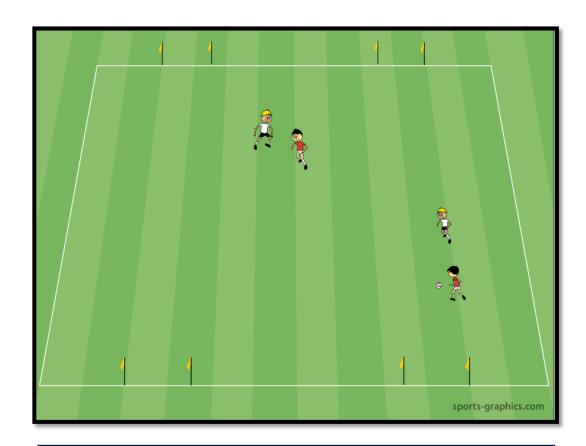






Field Size: ~24 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 2 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide



### 2vs2 TO TWO SMALL GOALS ON THE SHORT LINE

Field Size: ~24 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 2 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide







Field Size: ~20 yards x ~16 yards

Playing Time: 20-30 seconds per round

Goals: 3 yards wide

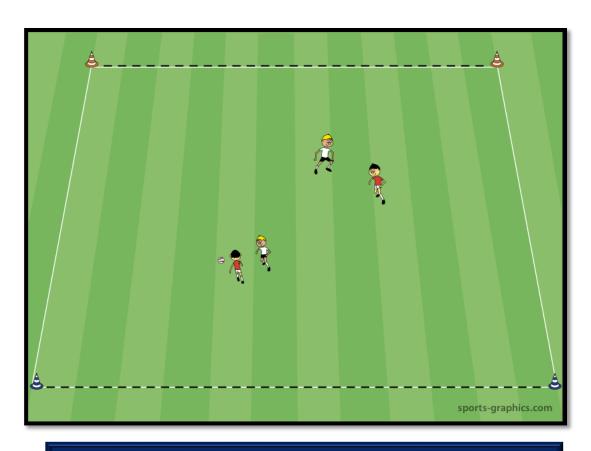


### 2vs2 TO A GOAL WITH A GOALKEEPER

Field Size: ~20 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 1 minute per round

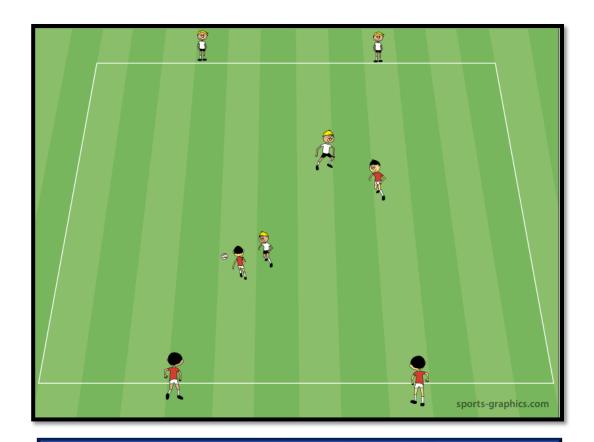
Goals: 5-6 yards wide







Field Size: ~24 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 1 minute per game Goal Lines: 16 yards wide



### **2vs2 TO TARGETS WITH SUPPORT PLAYERS**

Field Size: ~24 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 1 minute per game

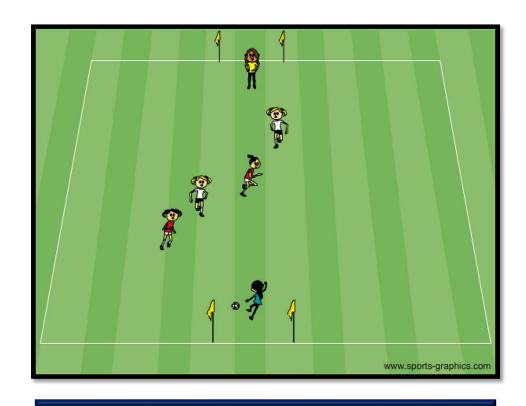
Goals: Pass to the opposing team's support players



# **DEVELOPING GROUP PLAY**

WHILE GAMES OF 1vs1 AND 2vs2 HELP ISOLATE INDIVIDUAL ATTACKING AND DEFENDING SKILLS, SOCCER IS FUNDAMENTALLY A GAME ABOUT MOVING IN RELATION TO THE GOALS, THE BALL, THE OPPONENTS, AND TEAMMATES.

TO BALANCE INDIVIDUAL SKILL DEVELOPMENT WITH GROUP TACTICAL DEVELOPMENT, THE IDEAL GAME FORM FOR INEXPERIENCED PLAYERS IS 3vs3 WITH A GOALKEEPER AND TWO FIELD PLAYERS ON EACH TEAM.



### 3vs3 TO A GOAL WITH A GOALKEEPER

Field Size: ~30 yards x ~20 yards
Playing Time: 3 minutes per game
Goals: 4-6 yards wide



3vs3 AND 4vs4 GAMES ARE GENERALLY THE LARGEST GAME-FORMS THAT HELP IMPROVE SPATIAL AWARENESS AND GROUP PLAY WITHOUT THE NEED FOR POSITIONAL ORGANIZATION.

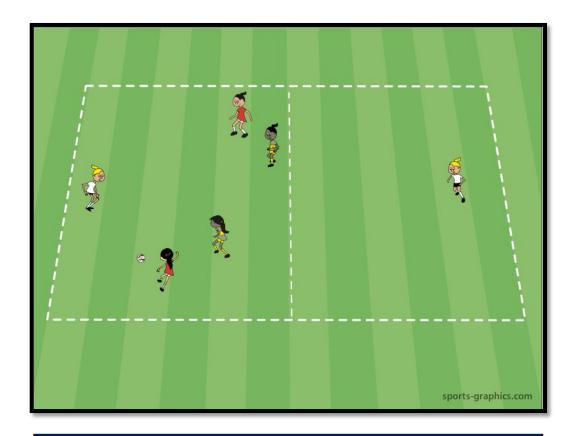
SOME COMMON FORMS OF THESE GAMES ARE SHOWN ON THE FOLLOWING SLIDES.





#### 2vs2+4 NEUTRAL SUPPORT PLAYERS

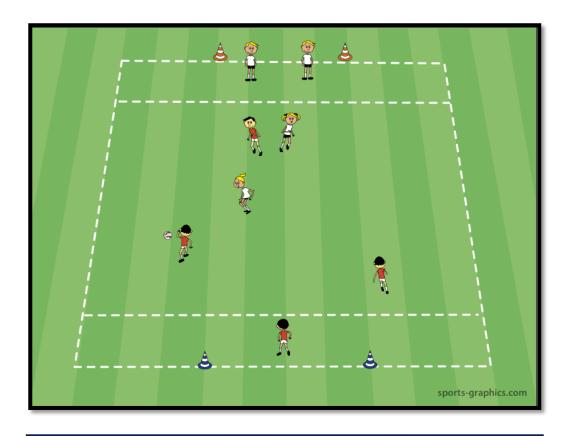
Field Size: ~20 yards x ~20 yards
Playing Time: 1 minute per round
Scoring: # passes involving the central players



#### 2vs2+2 KEEP-A-WAY GAME

Field Size: ~24 yards x ~16 yards Playing Time: 1 minute per round Scoring: Highest # consecutive passes.

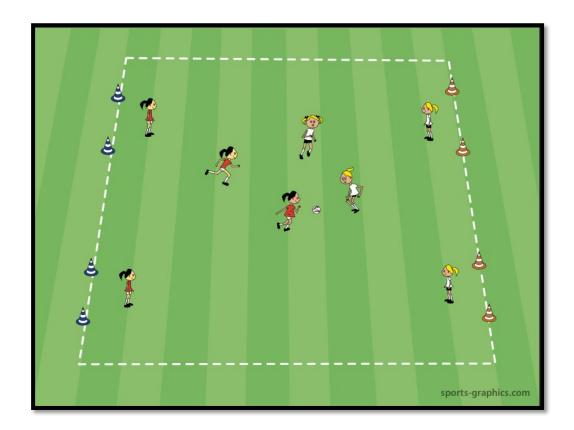






Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards Playing Time: 2 minutes per game

Goals: 6-8 yards wide

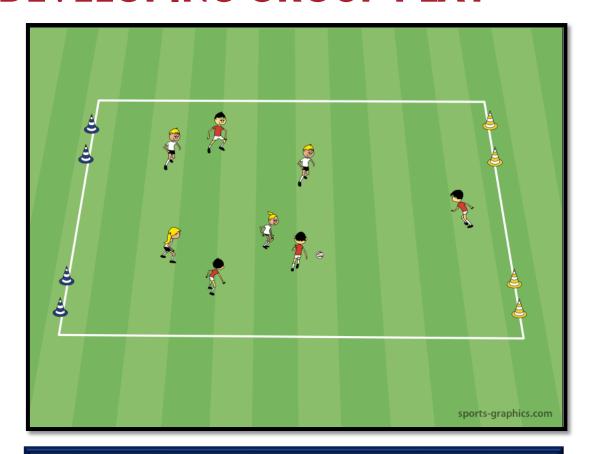


# 2vs2 TO TWO GOALS WITH GOALKEEPERS (Goals on the long lines)

Field Size: ~20 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 2 minutes per game

Goals: 4-6 yards wide





#### 4vs4 TO TWO SMALL GOALS ON THE SHORT LINES

Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide



#### **4vs4 TO TARGETS WITH SUPPORT PLAYERS**

Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards
Playing Time: 3 minutes per round
Goals: Pass to the opponent's support players

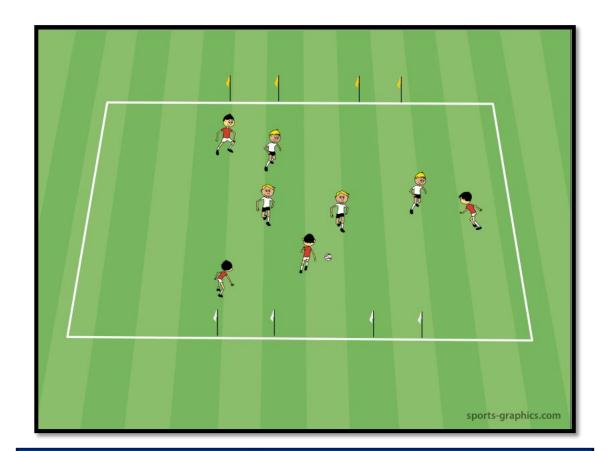






Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide



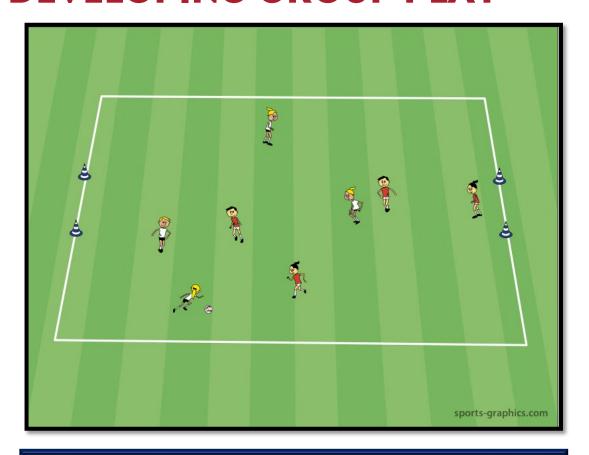
# 4vs4 TO TWO SMALL CENTRAL GOALS

(Goals on the long lines)

Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide





## 4vs4 TO A GOAL WITH A DROP GOALKEEPER

Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game







EVERY YOUNG PERSON LEARNS NEW SKILLS WITH THE HELP OF SOMEONE OLDER OR MORE EXPERIENCED.

FROM EATING TO STANDING AND WALKING
TO SHOE-TIEING TO BIKE-RIDING TO READING
AND WRITING TO ARTS AND CRAFTS TO
SPORT SKILLS TO SOCIAL AND LIFE-SKILLS,
YOUNG PEOPLE DEVELOP MORE EFFICIENTLY
AND MORE NATURALLY WHEN PARENTS,
TEACHERS, MENTORS AND ROLE MODELS
PROVIDE A "SCAFFOLD" TO HELP THEM
LEARN NEW OR CHALLENGING SKILLS.



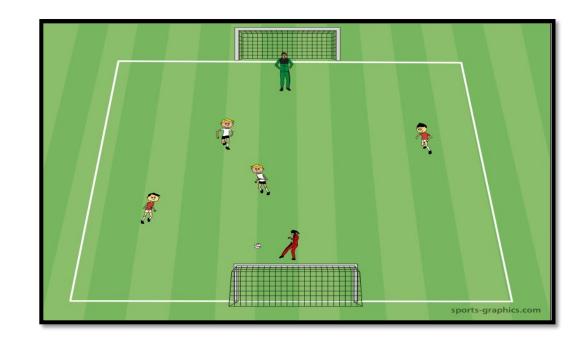
THE CONCEPT OF SCAFFOLDING EXPLAINS WHY MANY YOUNGSTERS ARE OFTEN SEEN AS "NATURALS" WHEN THEY APPEAR TO BE WELL AHEAD OF THEIR PEERS.

IN REALITY, IT IS MORE LIKELY THAT A PARENT OR SIBLING OR NEIGHBOR OR FAMILY FRIEND HAS HELPED TO ACCELLERATE LEARNING, SIMPLY BY ENGAGING WITH THEM AT HOME.

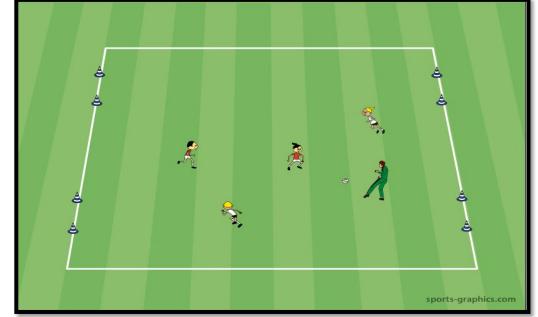
THE TRADITIONAL SCAFFOLDING OF SPORT-LEARNING HAS BEEN REMOVED AS YOUTH SPORTS HAVE BECOME MORE ORGANIZED AND MORE SEGREGATED INTO DISCRETE AGE BANDS.

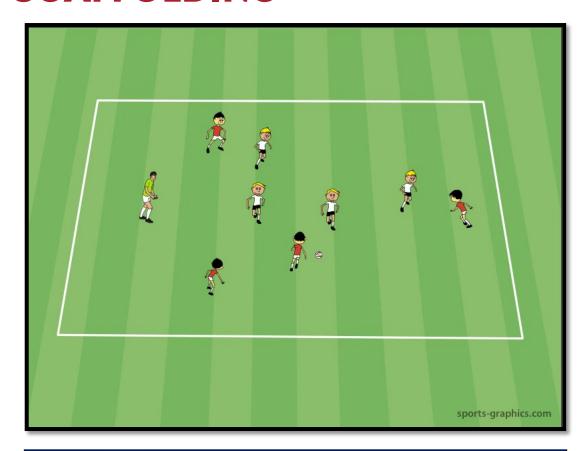


RESTORING THE SCAFFOLDING CONCEPT FOR YOUNG OR INEXPERIENCED SOCCER PLAYERS CAN BE AS SIMPLE AS ADDING A COACH OR PARENT OR OLDER SIBLING TO PLAY AS THE GOALKEEPER.



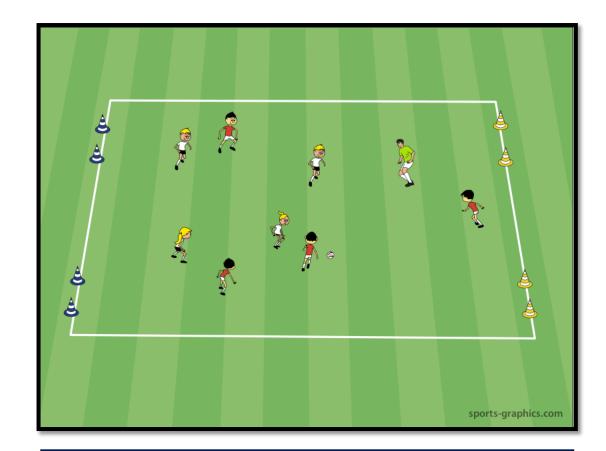
WHEN COACHES OR OTHER ADULTS WITH PLAYING BACKGROUNDS ARE AVAILABLE, PARTICIPATING ON THE FIELD AS ACTIVE TEAMMATES, OR AS A NEUTRAL PLAYER FOR BOTH TEAMS, ALSO PROVIDES OPPORTUNITIES TO CHANGE THE LEARNING DYNAMIC.







Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game Goals: Varies..



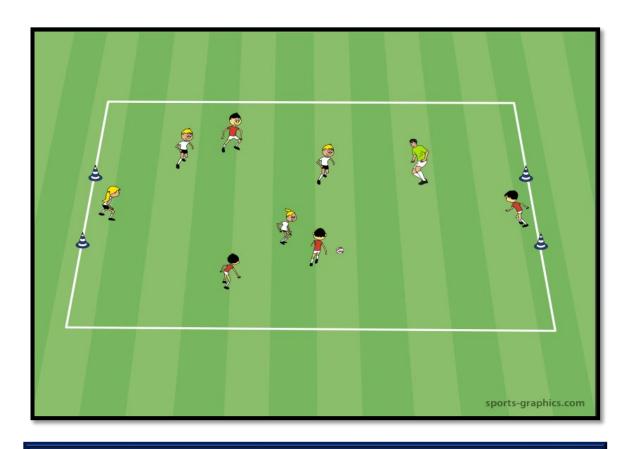
#### 4vs4 + NEUTRAL ADULT TO TWO SMALL GOALS

(Goals on the short lines)
Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards
Playing Time: 5 minutes per game

Goals: 3 yards wide







## 4vs4 + NEUTRAL ADULT TO A GOAL WITH A GOALKEEPER

Field Size: ~35 yards x ~25 yards Playing Time: 5 minutes per game

Goals: 4-5 yards wide



# **DEVELOPING POSITIONAL AWARENESS**

WHEN PLAYERS HAVE DEVELOPED a) THE SKILLS TO SHARE THE BALL AND b) THE TACTICAL AWARENESS TO CREATE AND USE SPACE, POSITIONAL COACHING IS THE NEXT IMPORTANT STEP IN THEIR DEVELOPMENT.

AS WITH BASIC SKILL LEARNING, PLAYERS NEED TO EXPERIENCE SOCCER GAMES WITH SMALLER NUMBERS TO PROVIDE TIME AND SPACE TO PROCESS AND LEARN a) WHERE TO MOVE... AND b) WHEN TO MOVE.



THE STARTING ORGANIZATION FOR DEVELOPING POSITIONAL AWARENESS IS 4vs4, WITH A GOALKEEPER AND THREE FIELD PLAYERS ON EACH TEAM.

IN THIS 4vs4 POSITIONAL GAME, THE THREE FIELD PLAYERS ARE RESTRICTED FROM BEING IN THE SAME HALF TOGETHER. THERE CAN BE TWO PLAYERS IN THE DEFENDING (BACK) HALF OR TWO PLAYERS IN THE ATTACKING (FRONT) HALF AND THE PLAYERS CAN INTER-CHANGE POSITIONS WITHIN THE FLOW OF THE GAME.



Field Size: ~36 yards x ~25 yards
Playing Time: ~4 minutes per game
Goals: 5-6 yards wide

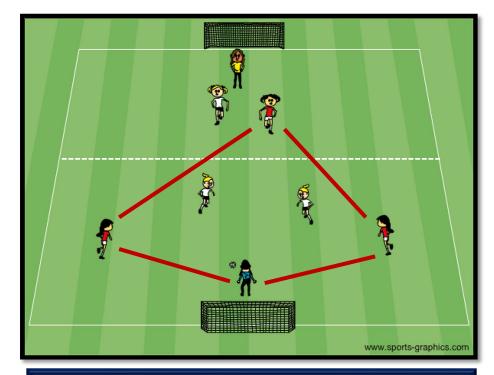


THE MAIN TACTICAL CUE, OR TRIGGER, FOR THE ATTACKING TEAM TO SPREAD OUT IS WHEN THEIR GOALKEEPER HAS POSSESSION.

HERE, THE RED TEAM HAS CREATED SPACE BY FORMING A DIAMOND, OPENING UP TO THE SIDES AND AHEAD OF THE GOALKEEPER.

THE GOALKEEPER SHOULD DRIBBLE FORWARD TO DRAW A DEFENDER BEFORE DECIDING TO PASS TO THE MOST OPEN TEAMMATE.

THERE IS NO OFFSIDE RULE IN THIS GAME.



Field Size: ~36 yards x ~25 yards
Playing Time: ~4 minutes per game
Goals: 5-6 yards wide



THE NEXT STEP IS TO ELIMINATE THE ARTIFICIAL MOVEMENT OF PLAYERS WITHIN THE GAME. THIS IS ACHIEVED BY REPLACING THE HALF-WAY LINE WITH OFFSIDE LINES AT EACH END OF THE FIELD.

THESE LINES PROVIDE A VISUAL MARKER FOR THE FORWARD TO OPEN SPACE BETWEEN THE BACK AND THE FRONT OF THEIR TEAM.

THE OFFSIDE RULE IS APPLIED IN THE SPACE BETWEEN THE OFFSIDE LINE AND THE GOAL.



Field Size: ~36 yards x ~25 yards
Offside lines @ 8-10 yards from each goal
Playing Time: ~4 minutes per game
Goals: 5-6 yards wide



FIVE VERSUS FIVE (5vs5) IS THE FIRST VERSION OF SOCCER THAT HAS AT LEAST ONE PLAYER IN EACH LINE (EACH PART) OF THE TEAM.

FOR THIS SITUATION, THERE IS A GOALKEEPER, TWO PLAYERS IN THE BACK, A PLAYER IN THE MIDFIELD, AND A PLAYER IN THE FRONT.

WITH THIS RISING COMPLEXITY, IT IS WORTH REVISITING THE BASIC TACTICAL SITUATIONS FOR ATTACKING AND DEFENDING; AND ADDING POSITIONAL NUMBERS TO THE CONVERSATION.



Field Size: ~40 yards x ~25 yards
Offside lines @ 10 yards from each goal
Playing Time: ~4 minutes per game
Goals: 5-6 yards wide



"COACHING" ANY INVASION-TYPE SPORT RELATES TO HELPING THE PLAYERS UNDERSTAND HOW TO ATTACK AND DEFEND BETWEEN THE TWO GOALS.

AS SHOWN IN THE TABLE, SOCCER IS
TYPICALLY BROKEN DOWN INTO FOUR
SITUATIONS RELATING TO PLAYING IN AN
AREA OF THE FIELD; TWO SITUATIONS THAT
RELATE TO PLAYING CLOSE TO THE GOAL;
AND TWO MOMENTS WHEN THE BALL
CHANGES POSSESSION.

# STANDARD TACTICAL SITUATIONS IN SOCCER ATTACKING BUILDING-UP FROM THE DEFENSIVE HALF BUILDING-UP IN THE ATTACKING HALF CREATING CHANCES AND SCORING GOALS TRANSITIONING TO DEFENDING DEFENDING DEFENDING IN THE ATTACKING HALF DEFENDING IN THE DEFENDING HALF DENYING CHANCES AND RECOVERING POSSESSION TRANSITIONING TO ATTACKING



THE TACTICAL SITUATION SHOWN HERE FOR THE RED TEAM IS BUILDING UP FROM THE DEFENSIVE HALF.

POSITIONALLY... THE FORWARD (#9) PLAYS AT THE FRONT OF THE TEAM.

THE CENTRAL MIDFIELDER (#8) IS THE LINK BETWEEN THE FRONT AND BACK OF THE TEAM.

AND THE RIGHT CENTER BACK (#4) AND LEFT CENTER BACK (#5) OPEN UP THE SPACES TO THE SIDES TO HELP THE GOALKEEPER (#1) BEGIN THE ATTACK.



LOOKING FROM THE OTHER TEAM'S PERSPECTIVE, THE WHITE TEAM IS DEFENDING IN THE ATTACKING HALF.

HERE, THE COACH HAS DECIDED TO PLAY WITH WITH TWO PLAYERS IN THE FRONT (#8 & #9) AND HAS MOVED A CENTER BACK (#5) TO DEFEND IN THE MIDFIELD, LEAVING ONE CENTER BACK (#4) ALONE TO DEFEND THE RED STRIKER.



IN SOCCER, POSITIONS ARE NEVER FIXED AND EACH COACH SHOULD DEVELOP THEIR OWN IDEAS ON HOW THEY WANT THEIR PLAYERS TO MOVE IN EACH OF THE STANDARD GAME SITUATIONS.

HOW THE PLAYERS INTERPRETE THOSE IDEAS DEFINES THE TEAM'S STYLE OF PLAY.

EVERY COACH IS DIFFERENT! EVERY PLAYER IS DIFFERENT! EVERY TEAM IS DIFFERENT!

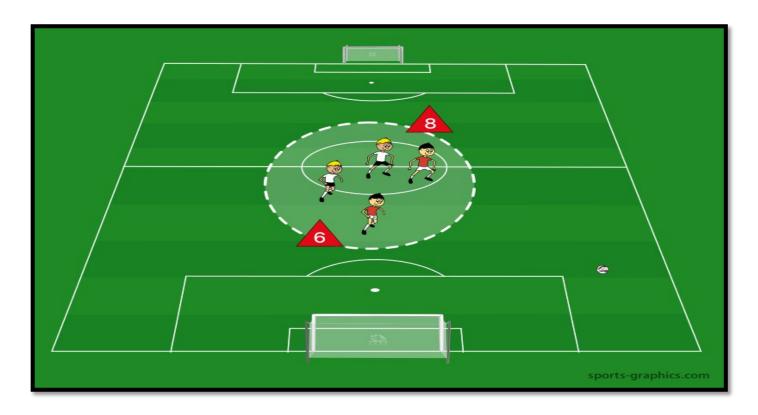


THE GAME-FORM WITH FIVE FIELD
PLAYERS AND A GOALKEEPER (6vs6) IS THE
FIRST POSITIONAL ARRANGEMENT WHERE
TWO PLAYERS ARE OPERATING IN THE
SAME GENERAL AREA OF THE TEAM... IN
THIS EXAMPLE, THE MIDFIELD LINE.

AS PLAYERS AGE AND THEIR GAME-FORMS EVOLVE FROM 7vs7 TO 9vs9 TO 11vs11, DEVELOPING POSITIONAL AWARENESS WITHIN AND BETWEEN THE THREE (BACK, MIDDLE AND FRONT) LINES BECOMES AN IMPORTANT TEAMBUILDING CONCEPT.



WHEN BUILDING UP FROM THE DEFENSIVE HALF, ONE PLAYER CAN BE ASSIGNED A POSITION AT THE BACK OF THE MIDFIELD (#6), WHILE THE OTHER CAN BE ASSIGNED TO A MORE ATTACKING ROLE (#8). ONCE THE BALL IS IN MOTION, THESE PLAYERS MUST LEARN WHEN TO OPERATE CLOSER TOGETHER AND WHEN TO STAY APART.





# STEPPING BACK

"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"



# WHAT IF MY PLAYERS DON'T MOVE?

IT IS NOT UNCOMMON TO FIND PLAYERS WHO LACK THE TACTICAL AWARENESS TO MOVE BACK AND FORTH WITH THE FLOW OF THE GAME. THESE PLAYERS MAY BE NEW TO SOCCER, MAY HAVE BEEN RESTRICTED IN THEIR ABILITY TO MOVE WITHIN THE GAME, OR MAY SIMPLY LACK EXPERIENCE WITH GAME-BASED PRACTICE ACTIVITIES.

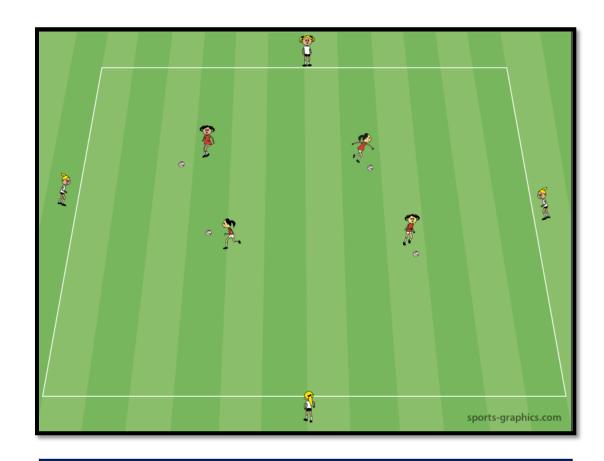
TO REMEDIATE, A STEP BACKWARDS IS REQUIRED.

THE FOLLOWING SLIDES PROVIDE EXAMPLES OF HOW ELEMENTARY TRAINING ACTIVITIES CAN BE PROGRESSED IN COMPLEXITY - OVER TIME - TO HELP YOUNG OR INEXPERIENCED PLAYERS DEVELOP THE SKILLS AND HABITS ASSOCIATED WITH MOVING WITH THE BALL, CREATING SPACE, MOVING INTO OPEN SPACE AND MOVING AWAY FROM DEFENDERS TO SUPPORT TEAMMATES.





"PASS AND MOVE"

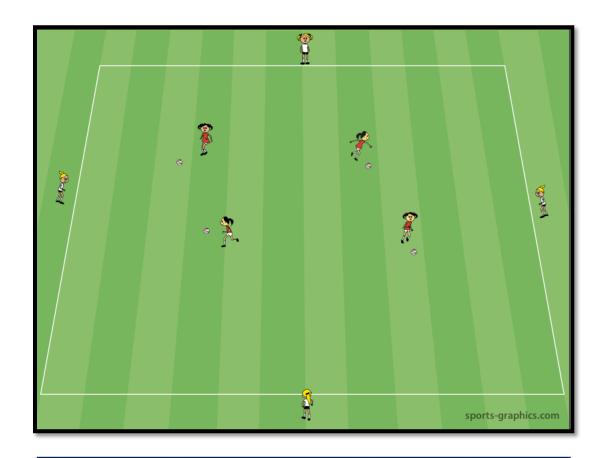


**ORGANIZATION** 

DIVIDE 8 PLAYERS INTO TWO TEAMS (RED AND WHITE SHOWN).

FOUR WHITE PLAYERS START ON THE SIDELINES AND FOUR RED PLAYERS - EACH WITH A BALL - START INSIDE THE GAME.

Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round



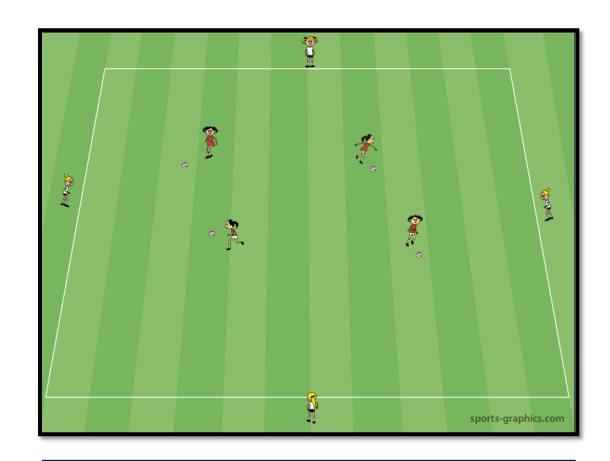
Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

THE RED PLAYERS "SCORE" BY PASSING TO ANY SIDELINE (WHITE) PLAYER WHO DOES NOT HAVE A BALL.

ONCE A "GOAL" HAS BEEN SCORED, THE RED PLAYERS MOVE TO GET A NEW BALL FROM ONE OF THE OTHER SIDELINE (WHITE) PLAYERS.





Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

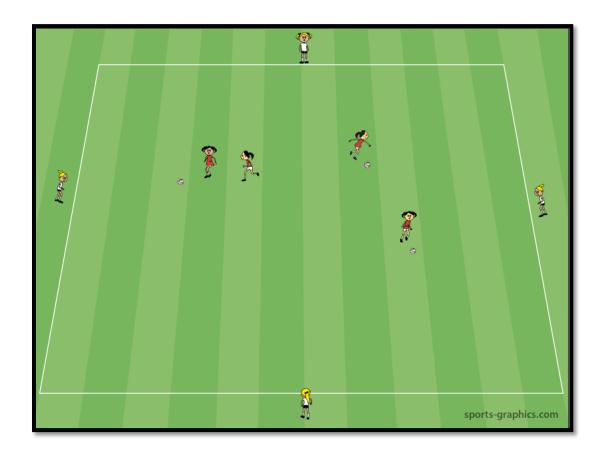
THE ACTIVITY IS INITIALLY ARRANGED AS AN INDIVIDUAL COMPETITION WITHIN EACH TEAM (RED VS RED OR WHITE VS WHITE).

ROTATE THE TEAMS AFTER 60 SECONDS AND PLAY 2-4 ROUNDS PER TEAM.

THE PLAYER ON EACH TEAM (RED OR WHITE) WITH THE MOST PASSES TO THE SIDELINE PLAYERS WINS THE ROUND.



"HEADS UP"



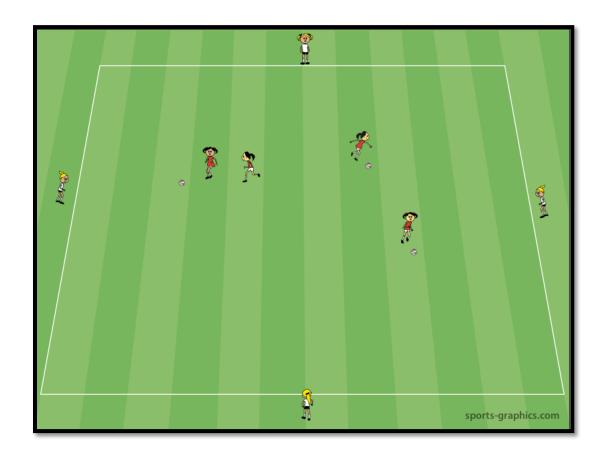
Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

REMOVE ONE BALL FROM THE "ACTIVE"
TEAM (RED SHOWN). THERE WILL BE FOUR
PLAYERS COMPETING FOR THREE BALLS.

THE PLAYER STARTING WITHOUT A BALL, OR THE PLAYER WHO LOSES POSSESSION, MUST REGAIN POSSESSION IN ORDER TO SCORE.

DETERMINE AN INDIVIDUAL WINNER AFTER EACH 60-SECOND ROUND.



## **ORGANIZATION**

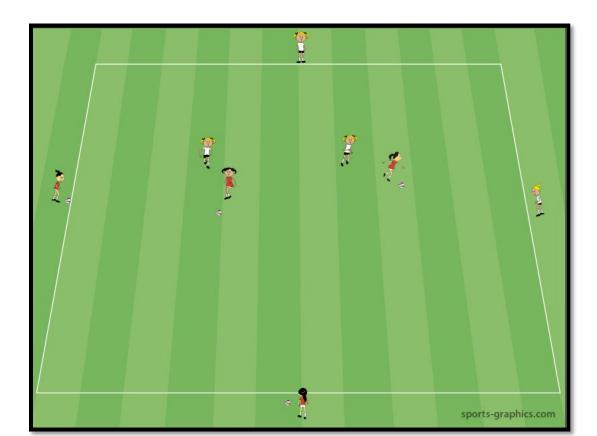
ROTATE THE TEAMS AFTER EACH 60-SECOND ROUND AND PLAY 4 ROUNDS PER TEAM (8 ROUNDS TOTAL).

EACH OF THE 8 PLAYERS WILL START ONE 60-SECOND ROUND WITHOUT A BALL.

Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round



"LOSE YOUR DEFENDER"



Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

## **ORGANIZATION**

PAIR UP A RED PLAYER AND A WHITE PLAYER FOR A "TEAM" COMPETITION (RED VS WHITE).

THE GAME IS ORGANIZED AS FOUR SEPARATE

1V1 COMPETITIONS, WITH TWO PAIRS ACTIVELY

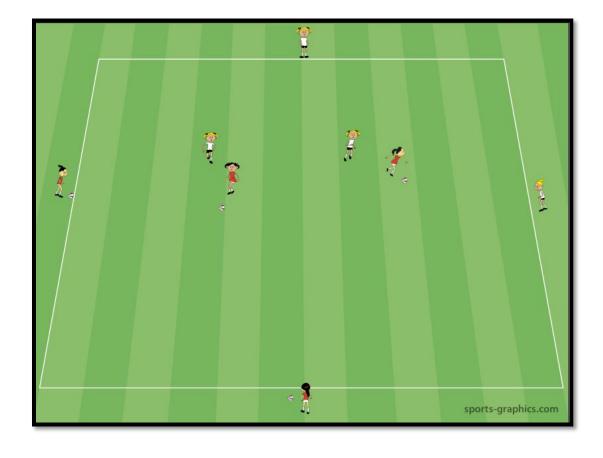
PARTICIPATING AND TWO PAIRS

ACTIVELY RESTING.

THE FOUR PLAYERS ON THE SIDELINES ARE "NEUTRAL" AND SHOULD HELP EITHER COLOR.

TO BEGIN EACH ROUND, ALL FOUR PLAYERS IN THE SAME TEAM (RED SHOWN) START WITH A BALL.

#### **ORGANIZATION**



THE RED TEAM SHOULD START THE FIRST TWO ROUNDS IN POSSESSION. THE WHITE TEAM WILL START THE NEXT TWO ROUNDS IN POSSESSION.

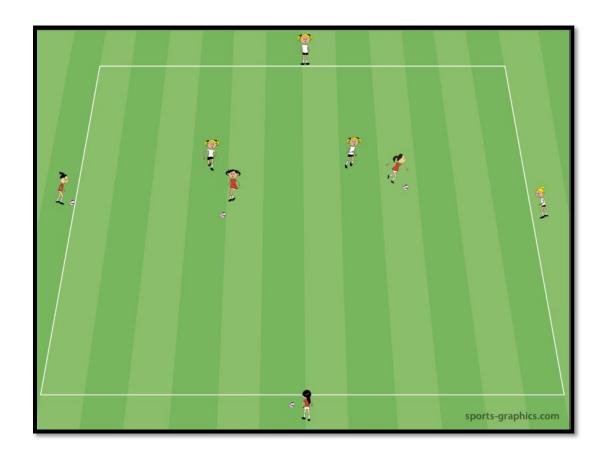
IF THE ATTACKING PLAYER PASSES THE BALL TO A NEUTRAL PLAYER WHO ALREADY HAS A BALL, POSSESSION IS LOST.

OUT OF BOUNDS, POSSESSION IS LOST.

OUT OF BOUNDS, THE ATTACKING PLAYER RETAINS POSSESSION.

Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round



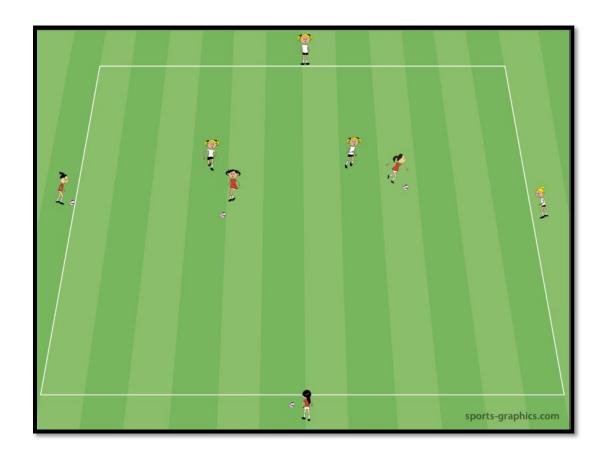


Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

WHEN THE DEFENDING PLAYER WINS POSSESSION, THEY TAKE OVER CONTROL OF THE GAME AND SCORE IN THE USUAL WAY.

EACH PAIR WILL PLAY TWO ROUNDS
AGAINST EACH OTHER. AT THE END OF THE
FIRST ROUND, THE PLAYERS SHOULD
CONFIRM THE SCORE BEFORE MOVING TO
THE SIDELINE TO ACTIVELY REST AS THE
NEUTRAL PLAYERS.



Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

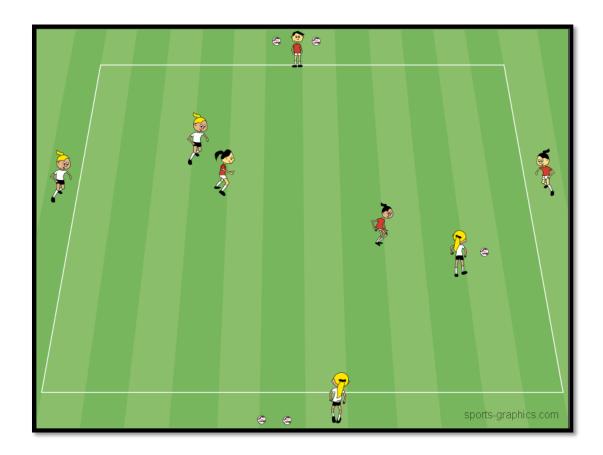
#### **ORGANIZATION**

WHEN THE PLAYERS RETURN TO THE GAME AFTER ACTIVELY RESTING, EACH INDIVIDUAL WILL RETAIN THEIR POINTS TOTAL FOR THE SECOND ROUND.

AFTER FOUR ROUNDS, AND WITH EACH PARTNER STARTING ONE ROUND IN POSSESSION, THE TEAM WINNER (RED OR WHITE) CAN BE DETERMINED.



"POSSESSING WITH TEAMMATES"



Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

EACH TEAM HAS FOUR PLAYERS WHO ROTATE AFTER EACH 60-SECOND ROUND.

THE GAME IS 2V2 WITH THE FOUR RESTING PLAYERS SERVING AS NEUTRALS ON THE OUTSIDE OF THE SQUARE.

EACH GROUP OF FOUR SHOULD PLAY 3-4 ROUNDS.



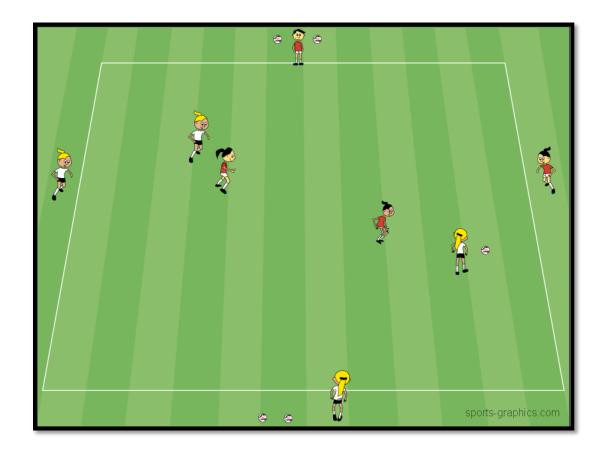
Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

POINTS ARE SCORED IN TWO WAYS.

WHEN A PLAYER IN THE CENTER OF THE GAME PASSES TO A NEUTRAL PLAYER AND THEIR TEAM RECEIVES THE BALL BACK, THE TEAM SCORES ONE POINT.

WHEN THE TEAMMATES INSIDE THE GAME COMPLETE A PASS TO EACH OTHER, THEIR TEAM RECEIVES TWO POINTS.



**ORGANIZATION** 

NORMAL OUT OF BOUNDS RULES APPLY.

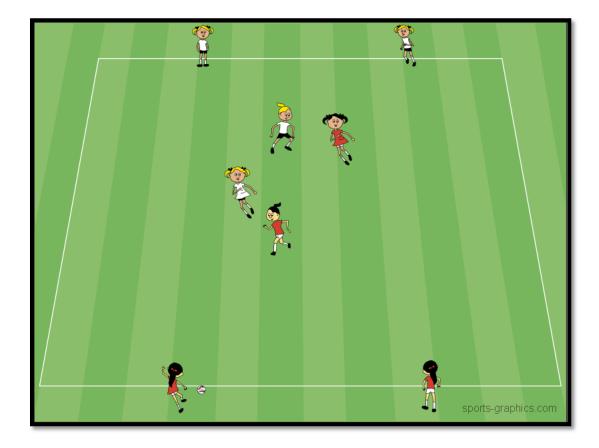
THE NEUTRAL PLAYERS CANNOT BE DEFENDED WHEN THEY ARE OUTSIDE THE PLAYING AREA.

Field Size: 20-25 yds x 20-25 yds Playing Time: 60 seconds per round



"LET'S ADD DIRECTION"

#### **ORGANIZATION**



**EACH TEAM HAS FOUR PLAYERS.** 

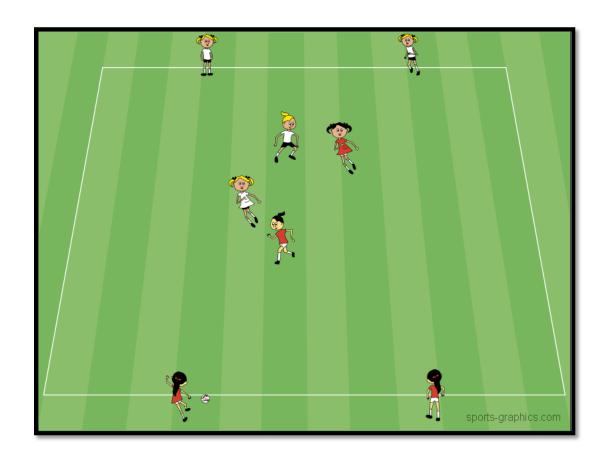
TWO PLAYERS FROM EACH TEAM ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE IN A 2V2 GAME, WHILE THE OTHER TWO PLAYERS FROM EACH TEAM ACTIVELY REST ON THE END LINES.

THE PLAYERS ON THE END LINES SERVE AS SUPPORT PLAYERS FOR THEIR OWN TEAM AND TARGET PLAYERS (GOALS) FOR THE OTHER TEAM.

Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

\*IT IS POSSIBLE TO PLAY THE GAME WITH ONLY ONE PLAYER ON EACH END LINE.





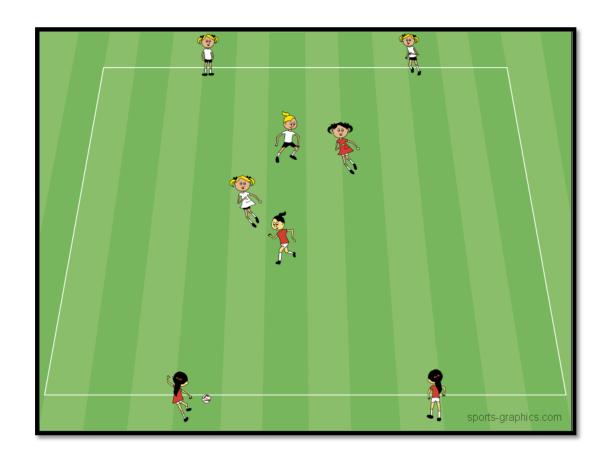
Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

THE BALL CAN BE PASSED BACKWARDS TO THE SUPPORTING TEAMMATES.

TEAMS SCORE BY PASSING THE BALL TO THE OPPONENT'S SUPPORT PLAYERS. HERE, RED PASSES TO WHITE AND WHITE PASSES TO RED.

AFTER EITHER TEAM SCORES THREE GOALS, BOTH SETS OF PLAYERS CHANGE PLACES.



Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards Playing Time: 60 seconds per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

IN THIS ACTIVITY, THE SUPPORT PLAYERS ARE NOT ALLOWED TO SCORE DIRECTLY.

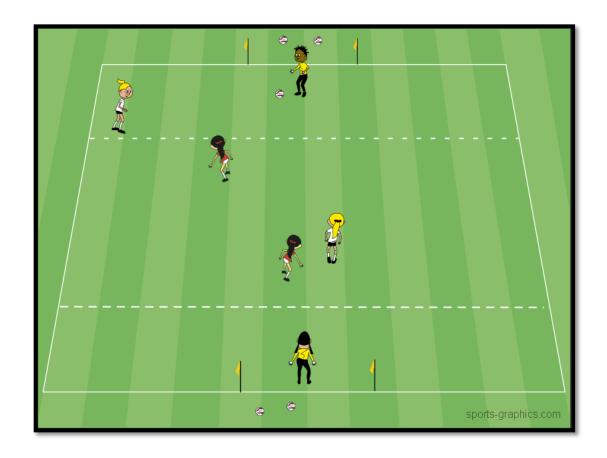
INDIRECT KICK-INS REPLACE THROW-INS.

CORNER KICKS ARE NOT TAKEN, BUT SCORE ½ GOAL FOR THE ATTACKING TEAM.

TO ENCOURAGE MORE POSSESSION AND MOVEMENT AWAY FROM DEFENDERS, REQUIRING ONE-TOUCH GOALS "MAY" BE ADDED AS A CONDITION.



"LET'S ADD REAL GOALS"



Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards

Playing Time: 90 seconds to 2 minutes per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

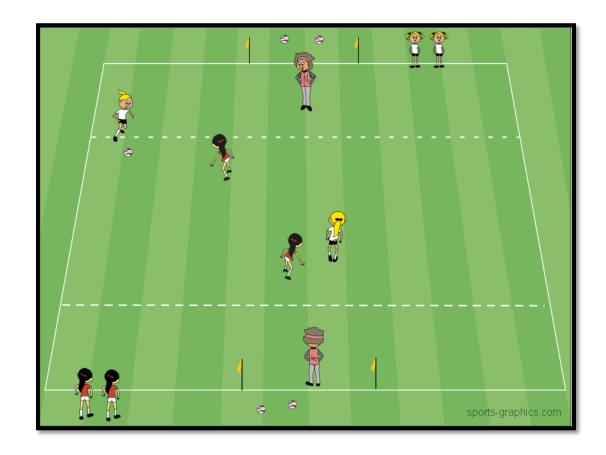
EACH TEAM HAS TWO FIELD PLAYERS AND A GOALKEEPER.

A GOAL AREA / OFFSIDE LINE IS ADDED 8-10 YARDS FROM EACH GOAL.

THE GOALKEEPERS MUST PLAY WITHIN THEIR GOAL AREA.

THE THREE PLAYERS ROTATE INTO GOAL AFTER EACH ROUND.





Field Size: ~25 yards x ~20 yards

Playing Time: 90 seconds to 2 minutes per round

#### **ORGANIZATION**

FOR PARTICULARLY YOUNG OR INEXPERIENCED PLAYERS, THE COACHES CAN SERVE AS THE GOALKEEPERS.

TO ACCOMMODATE GROUPS OF 8
PLAYERS, TWO RESTING PLAYERS CAN
ROTATE WITH THE TWO ACTIVE PLAYERS
AFTER EACH ROUND.

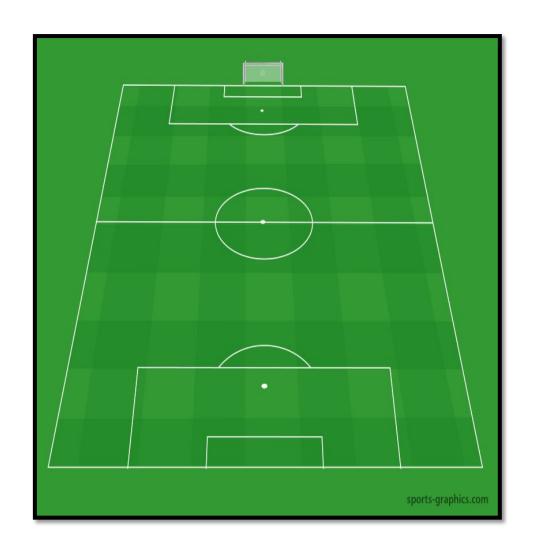


## PLAY - 2

"LEARNING SOCCER BY PLAYING SOCCER"







PLAY-2 IS THE OPPORTUNITY TO LET THE PLAYERS EXPERIENCE THE GAME IN THE FORMAT CLOSEST TO THEIR COMPETITIVE MATCHES, WHICH ARE TYPICALLY 4vs4 (U6), 7vs7 (U10), 9vs9 (U12) OR 11vs11 (U13+).

PLAYED ON A FIELD SPACE WHICH ALSO
REPLICATES THE "FORMAL" MATCHES, BUT THIS IS
NOT ALWAYS POSSIBLE. WHEN A FULL-SIZE GAME
FIELD IS NOT AVAILABLE, THE PLAYING NUMBERS
SHOULD BE SCALED BACK TO ENSURE THE PLAYERS
HAVE ENOUGH TIME AND SPACE TO MAKE
MEANINGFUL DECISIONS ON AND OFF THE BALL.

AS PLAYING NUMBERS RISE ABOVE 4vs4, SOME POSITIONAL ORGANIZATION IS NECESSARY TO HELP THE PLAYERS UNDERSTAND WHERE AND WHEN TO MOVE WITHIN THE GAME. HOWEVER, IT IS IMPORTANT TO NOTE THAT...

- EVERY PLAYER IS AN "ATTACKER" WHEN THEIR TEAM HAS POSSESSION.
- EVERY PLAYER IS A "DEFENDER" WHEN THE OTHER TEAM HAS POSSESSION.
- THERE IS NO CODIFIED RESTRICTION ON WHO CAN SCORE GOALS OR WHERE ANY PLAYER CAN MOVE ON THE FIELD.





THIS IMAGE SHOWS THE GENERIC POSITIONAL NUMBERING FOR AN 11-A-SIDE TEAM PLAYING WITH...

- A GOALKEEPER (THE ONLY REQUIRED POSITION)
- FOUR DEFENDERS (2-3-4-5)
- THREE MIDFIELDERS (6-8-10)
- AND THREE FORWARDS (7-9-11)

NUMERICALLY, THIS FORMATION WOULD BE DESCRIBED AS "1-4-3-3" AND THE ASSOCIATED POSITIONAL NAMES ARE SHOWN ON THE NEXT SLIDE.







#### **POSITIONS AND POSITIONAL NUMBERS**



**#11: Left Winger #10: Attacking Midfielder #9: Center Forward #8: Central Midfielder #7: Right Winger #6: Defensive Midfielder #5: Left Center Back #4: Right Center Back** #3: Left Back **#2: Right Back #1:** Goalkeeper



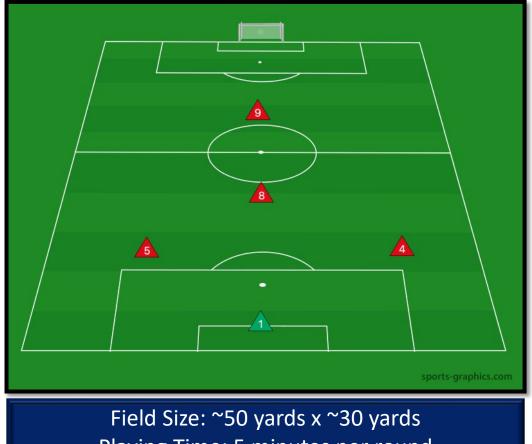
THERE IS NO "CORRECT" FORMATION IN SOCCER AND COACHES CAN AND SHOULD ORGANIZE THEIR TEAMS TO SERVE THE GAME-FORM THEY ARE COACHING AND THEIR PREFERRED STYLE OF PLAY.





THE FOLLOWING SLIDES SHOW EXAMPLES
OF HOW SMALLER VERSIONS OF 11vs11
CAN BE SHAPED TO SUIT THE AVAILABLE
NUMBERS IN PLAY-2.

#### SUGGESTED FORMATIONS FOR 5vs5 AND 6vs6.



Playing Time: 5 minutes per round



Field Size: ~60 yards x ~40 yards Playing Time: 6 minutes per round

#### SUGGESTED FORMATIONS FOR 7vs7



#### SUGGESTED FORMATIONS FOR 8vs8





Field Size: ~80 yards x ~55 yards
Playing Time: 8 minutes per round



#### SUGGESTED FORMATIONS FOR 9vs9









# THANK YOU AND GOOD LUCK!

FOR MORE INFORMATION
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